

C16/C116+4

COMPUTING-MONTHLY

ISSUE 8

NOVEMBER 1989

VOLUME 1

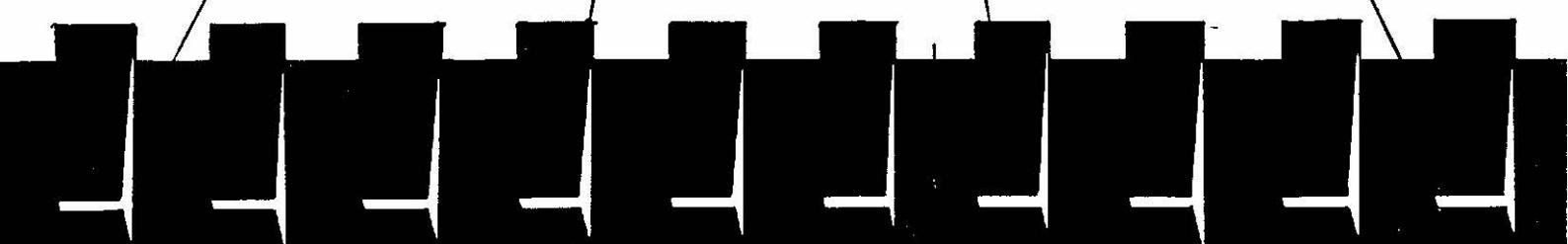
C16 /
C116

+4

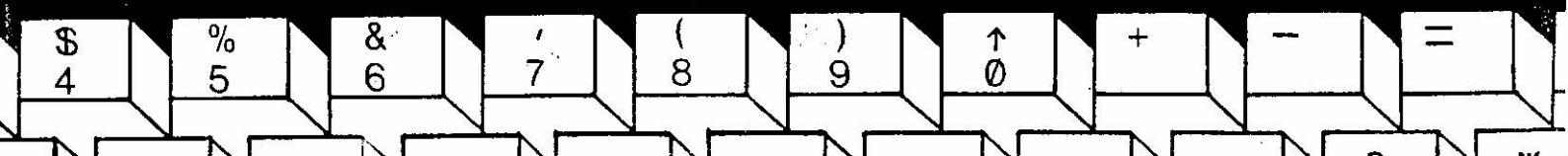
SOON
BE A5
FORMAT!

UNDERGROUND
PROG
PART1

PETER CRACK'S
TRAP THE KING PART 2
M/C SCROLL PROGRAM
LETTERS
ETC!!!



||||||| PLUS/4



Contact

Raj Robinson
12 Cliff Rd
Hornsea
N-Humber side
Hull 1SE

Tel (0164) 534641 after 6pm-

Editorial

Well how about this then, The November issue at the end of November, I don't think that's bad actually, I know it's lacking in content, but the Christmas issue should be full of goodies for everyone.

Simon Pollard of Goole, North Humberside, has asked me to, mention that he is in the process of doing an arcade game in BASIC, nice one Si, it is based on DOUBLE DRAGON II, the arcade game, and it's called STREET PATROL, Simon assures me that he will be putting the C16/+4's BASIC capabilities to the test, hopefully, next month I will have a preview copy and more details about this game.

The reason why this issue is only 18 pages is because I didn't receive much articles, but Peter Crack managed to help out on that, with his 2nd part of Trap The King and his Scroll Routine, which Simon Pollard wanted help on, well Si, I hope Peter has filled your requirements (is that spelt right??), thanks to Peter again, from myself and Simon.

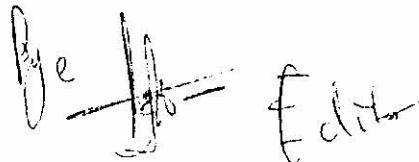
Guess what folks, no I haven't won the pools, no I haven't got my college grant, no I can't spell, but I've Blown Up My C16, whata plonker, oh well its a good job I've 2 standby C16's, to fall back on, so if anybody is interested in the +4 then offer me a price, John Hadlow, I think you were interested, if yes write.

Well I've run out of gas, and can't think of anything else, except SOS for the slim mag, but December will be better, and hopefully I have another Printer Ribbon. One last thing, go on have a guess at how many members the club now has, yep a staggering 35 and its growing, many thanks to the newest members for joining, but you have to agree, who else is supporting the C16/+4 like I'm trying to do, and don't forget its just me, and what will COBOL programming at college it can get a bit confusing and time consuming, so if your mag is ever late, please spare a thought, I'm slaving in my spare time to put together a mag, well the only mag for the C16/+4, so you must understand my position. I think I'll carry on talking, well members, I'm trying to set up a BOOK hire scheme, so if you have any C16/+4 computer books that you would sell (PLEASE NOT TOO EXPENSIVE) then contact me please. I'm also trying to set up a PD software scheme of my own, but more details later.

Right I want your articles, because if you don't send, I can't print, and the mag may cease to exist, so please keep 'um coming, I want any C16/+4 related articles, so send, send, send, PPPPPPLLLLEEEAAASSE!!!!

Well folks what da ya think to the new front cover, very good eh? Well I thought so because I liked its original idea, but I need a few lessons on how to print out lettreset, but I'll get there, eventually. Many thanks to James McBride of Middlesex, I hope you like the tapes, any problems contact me.

One last thing, some of the members have been asking about the questionnaires, re, REQUEST for them to be returned, New members need not worry about these, they were for those who joined in April 1989.


By [Signature] Editor

....!...TRAP THE KING PART TWO.....

LAST MONTHS SECTION COULD BE RUN AND
VIEWED,NOT SO THIS MONTHS ADDITION,
ONCE YOU HAVE TYPED IT IN SAVE IT!!
IT WILL NOT RUN BECAUSE MOST OF THE
SUB ROUTINES ARE MISSING (THEY WILL BE
IN PART THREE).

THIS IS HOW THIS PART RUNS.

135E-1360 STORES THE NUMBER OF TYPES OF
PIECES IN \$D6(#\$01-\$#04).

1362-1364 STORES THE INDIVIDUAL PIECE
NUMBER IN \$E7=(#\$00-\$#23).

1366-1369 STORES THE ASKEY CHARACTER
NUMBER FOR THAT GROUP OF PIECES IN \$D9
(\$#68-\$#6F) #\$6B=YOUR INFANTRY.

136A-1372 SET DECIMAL MODE,THE COMPUTER
NOW COUNTS IN BASE TEN (0-9).AND
INCREASES THE TURN COUNTER BY ONE.

THE POSSIBLE RANGE OF TURN NUMBERS IS
1-99.THEN STARTS AT ONE AGAIN.

1373-1382 PUSH COPY OF TURN COUNTER ON
TO STACK,MOVE THE FOUR RIGHTMOST BITS
IN THE BYTE TO THE LEFT FOUR PLACES
CLEARING THE RIGHT FOUR BITS AS IT DOES
SO,MIX IN #\$30 TURNING IT INTO AN ASKEY
CODE FOR A NUMBER,AND PRINT IT IN THE
TENS COLUMN OF THE TURN COUNTER DISPLAY
ON THE SCREEN.PULL THE TURN COUNTER BYTE
OFF THE STACK,CLEAR THE FOUR LEFTMOST
BITS RETAINING THE OTHERS,MIX IN #\$30
AND STORE IT IN THE UNITS COLUMN,GIVING
A DISPLAY FROM 01 TO 99.

1385-1392 GROUP OF NESTED FOR NEXT LOOP
COUNTERS. LOAD X REGISTER WITH NUMBER
OF DIFFERENT GROUPS OF PIECES,PUSH COPY
ON THE STACK,LOAD Y REGISTER WITH NUMBER
OF PIECES WITHIN GROUP,PUSH A COPY ON
THE STACK,LOAD Y REGISTER WITH THE
NUMBER OF MOVES FOR EACH PIECE,AND PUSH
THIS ONTO THE STACK.

1393 GET POSITION \$D1 AND \$D2 ARE THE
REGISTERS THAT WILL CONTAIN THE COORDS
\$D2 CONTAINS THE UP AND DOWN COORDINATE

• 135E A9 04 LDA #\$04
• 1360 85 D6 STA \$D6
• 1362 A2 00 LDX #\$00
• 1364 86 E7 STX \$E7
• 1366 A9 6B LDA #\$6B
• 1368 85 D9 STA \$D9
• 136A F8 SED
• 136B 18 CLC
• 136C A5 D9 LDA \$D9
• 136E 69 01 ADC #\$01
• 1370 85 D9 STA \$D9
• 1372 D8 CLD
• 1373 48 PHA
• 1374 4A LSR
• 1375 4A LSR
• 1376 4A LSR
• 1377 4A LSR
• 1378 09 30 ORA #\$30
• 137A 8D 05 0F STA \$0FC05
• 137D 68 PLA
• 137E 29 0F AND #\$0F
• 1380 09 30 ORA #\$30
• 1382 8D 04 0F STA \$0FC06
• 1385 A6 D6 LDX \$D6
• 1387 8A TXA
• 1388 48 PHA
• 1389 BC 57 22 LDY \$2257,X
• 138C 98 TYA
• 138D 48 PHA
• 138E BC 5B 22 LDY \$225B,X
• 1391 98 TYA
• 1392 48 PHA
• 1393 20 A2 20 JSR \$20A2
• 1396 A5 D2 LDA \$D2
• 1398 D0 04 BNE \$139E
• 139A 68 PLA
• 139B 4C 43 14 JMP \$1443
• 139E 20 B2 20 JSR \$20B2
• 13A1 20 00 1E JSR \$1E00
• 13A4 20 00 1F JSR \$1F00

IF A PIECE IS MISSING THEN BOTH WILL
CONTAIN ZERO

1396-139B CHECK IF PEICE IS MISSING IF
YES THEN GOTO COMPUTERS MOVE

139E MOVE CURSOR TO NEW POSSITION

13A1 CHECK ADJACENT SQUARES FOR ENEMY
DIAGONALLY AND REVEAL CONTENTS.

13A4 DO THE SAME FOR ADJACENT SQUARES
UP,DOWN,LEFT AND RIGHT (SQUARE CHECK).

13A7 THERE ARE LESS THAN TWO COMPUTER
PIECES NEXT TO THIS ONE.

13A9 THERE IS MORE THAN ONE COMPUTER
PIECE NEXT TO THIS ONE.

13AC RESET CURSOR TO YOUR PIECES COORDS

13AF-13BE STORE YOUR COLOUR IN COLOUR
REGISTER,PRINT COLOUR FLÄHS IN THIS
SQUARE,REPRINT YOUR CHARACTER IN THIS
SQUARE TO MAKE IT FLASH. RETURN CURSOR
TO YOUR SQUARE (EVERY TIME JSR\$FFD2 IS
CALLED AND A PRINTABLE ASKEY CODE IS
USED THE CURSOR IS AUTOMATICALLY MOVED
ON ONE CHARACTER SQUARE,HENCE THIS
ROUTINE).

13C1 CHECK IF MOVING PIECE IS A GUN.

13C4-13CA STORE A COPY OF PRESENT (OLD)
COORDINATES IN \$D3,\$D5.

13CC-13D2 LOAD OLD COORDINATES FROM \$D3
\$D5 TO \$D1,\$D2 THIS MAY SOUND SILLY BUT
IF THE ATTEMPTED NEXT MOVE CANNOT BE
MADE THE PROGRAMME RETURNS TO \$13CC AND
LETS YOU TRY AGAIN.

13D4-13E0 CHECK IF 'ESC' KEY HAS BEEN
PRESSED,IF SO END PROGRAMME RIGHT NOW.
DO NOT USE THIS KEY UNLESS YOU ARE FED
UP WITH THE GAME.

13E6-1400 CHECK FOR THE 'E' 'D' 'S' 'X'
AND ZERO KEYS,AND UPDATE \$D1,\$D2
COORDINATES ACCORDINGLY.

140E-1410 IF THE ZERO KEY WAS USED PULL
THE NUMBER OF MOVES COUNTER OFF THE
STACK,DISCARD IT AND FORCE BRANCH TO
COMPUTERS MOVE.

1412 MOVE CURSOR TO NEW SQUARE.

1415 CHECK TO SEE IF IT IS EMPTY.

1418 NO ITS NOT SO TRY AGAIN.

• 13A7 90 03 BCD \$13AC
• 13A9 4C 70 1E JMP \$1E70
• 13AC 20 B2 20 JSR \$20B2
• 13AF A9 53 LDA #\$53
• 13B1 8D 38 05 STA \$053B
• 13B4 A9 82 LDA #\$82
• 13B6 20 D2 FF JSR \$FFD2
• 13B9 A5 D0 LDA \$D0
• 13BB 20 D2 FF JSR \$FFD2
• 13BE 20 B2 20 JSR \$20B2
• 13C1 20 00 1F JSR \$1F80
• 13C4 A5 D1 LDA \$D1
• 13C6 85 D3 STA \$D3
• 13C8 A5 D2 LDA \$D2
• 13CA 85 D5 STA \$D5
• 13CC A5 D3 LDA \$D3
• 13CE 85 D1 STA \$D1
• 13D0 A5 D5 LDA \$D5
• 13D2 85 D2 STA \$D2
• 13D4 20 E4 FF JSR \$FFE4
• 13D7 F0 FB BEQ \$13D4
• 13D9 C9 1B CMP #\$1B
• 13DB D0 09 BNE \$13E6
• 13DD 20 00 20 JSR \$2000
• 13E0 00 BRK
• 13E1 EA NOP
• 13E2 EA NOP
• 13E3 EA NOP
• 13E4 EA NOP
• 13E5 EA NOP
• 13E6 C9 45 CMP #\$45
• 13E8 D0 05 BNE \$13EF
• 13EA C6 D2 DEC \$D2
• 13ED 38 SEC
• 13ED B0 23 BCS \$1412
• 13EF C9 44 CMP #\$44
• 13F1 D0 05 BNE \$13F8
• 13F3 E6 D1 INC \$D1
• 13F5 38 SEC
• 13F6 B0 1A BCS \$1412
• 13F8 C9 53 CMP #\$53
• 13FA D0 05 BNE \$1401
• 13FC C6 D1 DEC \$D1
• 13FE 38 SEC
• 13FF B0 11 BCS \$1412

141A YES IT IS SO MOVE THERE.

141D-142B MOVE CURSOR TO OLD POSSITION
(SQUARE JUST LEFT) PRINT UNFLASH AND
SPACE CHARACTERS.

142E-1433 PULL MOVE COUNTER OFF STACK,
DECREASE IT, IF IT IS NOW ZERO THEN THAT
WAS THE LAST MOVE, IF NOT THEN BRANCH
BACK AND MOVE AGAIN.

HINT....IF YOU WANT TO MOVE YOUR PIECE
NEXT TO TWO OR MORE COMPUTERS PIECES
DO IT ON ITS LAST MOVE AS THE CHECK
AROUND ROUTINE IS ONLY DONE AT THE
BEGINNING OF EACH MOVE!!!!

1436-1440 MOVE CURSOR TO NEXT POSSITION
PRINT UNFLASH AND YOUR CHARACTERS.

1443-144F CHANGE POINTERS TO COMPUTERS
VALUES (START OF COMPUTERS MOVE).

1451-1457 LOAD NUMBER OF MOVES FOR THIS
PIECE AND PUSH A COPY ONTO THE STACK

1458 GET POSSITION.

145B-145D IS IT MISSING?

145F YES IT IS.

1462 NO IT IS NOT!, SO MOVE CURSOR TO
THE CORRECT POSSITION.

1465-146F PRINT SPACE IN THAT POSSITION
AND LOAD SCREEN COLOUR INTO COLOUR REG.
REMEMBER, WHEN THE COMPUTER IS MOVING A
PIECE WHETHER IT CHANGES POSSITION OR
NOT IT ALWAYS DISSAPEARS.

1470 MOVE CURSOR BACK TO MOVING PIECES
POSSITION.

1473-1484 CHANGE CONTENTS OF \$20E8,\$20E9
\$20EA TO READ JMP\$1DD0. \$E9=NUMBER OF
EMPTY SQUARE ADJACENT TO COMPUTERS
MOVING PIECE (SQUARE ON NOT DIAGONAL)

1486 CHECK AROUND (SQUARE ON ONLY).

1489-1493 CHANGE CONTENTS OF \$20E8,
\$20E9,\$20EA TO THEIR ORIGINAL VALUES
THIS ALLOWS THE ROUTINE BEGINING AT
\$1F00 TO BE USED BY BOTH YOURS AND THE
COMPUTERS TURN ROUTINES.

1496-149C CHECK FOR NUMBER OF YOUR

- 1401 C9 58 CMP #\$58
- 1403 D0 05 BNE \$140A
- 1405 E6 D2 INC \$D2
- 1407 38 SEC
- 1408 B0 08 BCS \$1412
- 140A C9 30 CMP #\$30
- 140C D0 BE BNE \$13CC
- 140E 68 PLA
- 140F 38 SEC
- 1410 B0 24 BCS \$1436
- 1412 20 B2 20 JSR \$20B2
- 1415 20 BC 20 JSR \$20BC
- 1418 B0 B2 BCS \$13CC
- 141A 20 78 20 JSR \$2078
- 141D A6 D5 LDX \$D5
- 141F A4 D3 LDY \$D3
- 1421 20 B6 20 JSR \$20B6
- 1424 A9 84 LDA #\$84
- 1426 20 D2 FF JSR \$FFD2
- 1429 A9 20 LDA #\$20
- 142B 20 D2 FF JSR \$FFD2
- 142E 68 PLA
- 142F A8 TAY
- 1430 88 DEY
- 1431 F0 03 BEQ \$1436
- 1433 4C 91 13 JMP \$1391
- 1436 20 B2 20 JSR \$20B2
- 1439 A9 84 LDA #\$84
- 143B 20 D2 FF JSR \$FFD2
- 143E A5 D0 LDA \$D0
- 1440 20 D2 FF JSR \$FFD2
- 1443 A5 D0 LDA \$D0
- 1445 38 SEC
- 1446 E9 04 SEC #\$04
- 1448 85 D0 STA \$D0
- 144A A5 E7 LDA \$E7
- 144C 18 CLC
- 144D 69 12 ADC #\$12
- 144F 85 E7 STA \$E7
- 1451 A6 D6 LDX \$D6
- 1453 BC 5B 22 LDY \$225B,X
- 1456 98 TYA
- 1457 48 PHA
- 1459 20 A2 20 JSR \$20A2
- 145B A5 D2 LDA \$D2

PIECES NEAR TO COMPUTERS MOVING PIECE
(\$DF CONTAINS NUMBER OF).

149E-14A0 CHECK FOR ESCAPE ROUTES (\$E0
CONTAINS NUMBER OF).

14A2-14A4 IS COMPUTERS KING TRAPPED?.

14A6 NO.

14A8-14AD YES!! MODIFY PRINT ROUTINE
AT \$1D00 PRINT KING AND ALL OTHER ACTIVE
COMPUTER PIECES AND SURRENDER (YOU WIN).

14B0-14B2 PIECE TRAPPED IS NOT KING. PUT
RTS IN \$1EA5.

14B5 PIECE SURRENDERS!!

14B8-14BA PUT ORIGINAL VALUE BACK IN
TO \$1EA5.

14BD UPDATE SCREEN('ENEMY LEFT')DISPLAY.

14C0-14C6 COMPUTERS PIECE HAS 'FOUND' ONE
OF YOURS, SO, PUT 'FOUND' COORDINATES INTO
\$D7,\$D8 SO THAT OTHER COMPUTER PIECES CAN
CAN COME AND HELP.

14C8 IS MOVING PIECE COMPUTERS KING?.

IF 'YES' THEN IT MUST CONTINUE TO MOVE.

14CB-14D1 SAVE PRESENT POSSITION FOR
BACKTRACK AND ABORTED MOVE RELOADS.

14D8-1508 CHECK WHICH WAY COMPUTERS
PIECE HAS TO MOVE TO BRING IT ALONGSIDE
'FOUND' PIECE AND TRY TO MOVE IN THAT
DIRECTION, PROVIDED THIS DOES NOT MEAN
MOVING BACK ON ITSELF (BACKTRACKING).

1510 IF ABOVE MOVE IS NOT POSSIBLE THEN
GET 'PRESENT' COORDINATES.

1513-151D SET RND GENERATOR LIMITS AND
GET RND NUMBER.

1520-152E MULTIPLY RND NUMBER BY TWO
(ASL) MIX IN \$\$E0 AND STORE IT \$1527 TO
CREATE A INDIRECT JMP ADDRESS. THIS
COMMAND WILL EXPECT TO FIND (IN THIS
CASE) THE LOW HALF IN BYTE NUMBER \$22E0
AND THE HIGH HALF OF THE ADDRESS IT IS
DOING TO JUMP TO IN \$22E1. IF YOU CHECK
MEMORY LOCATIONS \$22E0-\$22E7 THEN YOU
ILL FIND THE FOLLOWING HEX VALUES:-

9.15.31.15.39.15.41.15 THIS EQUALLS
ADDRESSES \$1529,\$1531,\$1539, AND \$1541
THESE ARE THE START ADDRESSES OF THE
OUR POSSIBLE MOVE ROUTINES FOR THE
INDIRECT JMP COMMAND. 6

145D D8 &3 BNE \$1462
• 145F 4C 88 15 JMP \$1588
• 1462 20 B2 20 JSR \$20B2
• 1465 A9 20 LDA \$\$20
• 1467 20 D2 FF JSR \$FFD2
• 146A A9 05 LDA \$\$05
• 146C 8D 3B 05 STA \$053B
• 146F EA . NOP
• 1470 20 B2 20 JSR \$20B2
• 1473 A9 4C LDA \$\$4C
• 1475 8D E8 20 STA \$20E8
• 1478 A9 D0 LDA \$\$D0
• 147A 8D E9 20 STA \$20E9
• 147D A9 1D LDA \$\$1D
• 147F 8D EA 20 STA \$20EA
• 1482 A9 00 LDA \$\$00
• 1484 85 E0 STA \$E0
• 1486 20 00 1F JSR \$1F00
• 1489 A9 20 LDA \$\$20
• 148B 8D E8 20 STA \$20E8
• 148E 8D EA 20 STA \$20EA
• 1491 A9 B2 LDA \$\$B2
• 1493 8D E9 20 STA \$20E9
• 1496 A5 DF LDA \$DF
• 1498 F0 31 BEQ \$14CB
• 149A C9 02 CMP \$\$02
• 149C 90 22 BCC \$14C0
• 149E A5 E0 LDA \$E0
• 14A0 D0 29 BNE \$14CB
• 14A2 A5 E7 LDA \$E7
• 14A4 C9 23 CMP \$\$23
• 14A6 D0 08 BNE \$14B0
• 14A8 A9 C0 LDA \$\$C0
• 14AA 8D 04 1D STA \$1D04
• 14AD 4C 71 1D JMP \$1D71
• 14B0 A9 60 LDA \$\$60
• 14B2 8D A5 1E STA \$1EA5
• 14B5 20 71 1E JSR \$1E71
• 14B8 A9 E0 LDA \$\$E0
• 14BA 8D A5 1E STA \$1EA5
• 14BD 4C E9 1D JMP \$1DE9
• 14C0 A5 D1 LDA \$D1
• 14C2 85 D7 STA \$D7
• 14C4 A5 D2 LDA \$D2
• 14C6 85 D8 STA \$D8
• 14C8 20 C7 1D JSR \$1DC7

1529-1543 FOUR MOVE ROUTINES ONE WILL BE CHOSEN AT RANDOM (SEE ABOVE), BACKTRACKING IS CHECKED.

1546 IF THE RND MOVE CANNOT BE MADE GET ORIGINAL COORDINATES AND TRY.....

1549-1563 TO MAKE FIRST AVAILABLE MOVE STARTING WITH UP THEN DOWN THEN LEFT THEN RIGHT BUT ALWAYS CHECK BACKTRACKING

1569-1581STILL NO GOOD? O.K. TRY THE SAME AGAIN BUT DISREGARD BACKTRACK

1583 'CANNOT MOVE EH?'....WELL THEN... STAY PUT!!!.

1588-158D WAS IT LAST MOVE?.

1590-159E YES!! SO RESET POINTERS FOR PLAYERS MOVE,WHILST AT THE SAME TIME INCREASING \$E7(PIECES INDIVIDUAL NUMBER) AT \$144D WE ADDED HEX #12 SO NOW WE SUBTRACT HEX #11 NET GAIN=HEX #01.

15A2-15A9 WAS IT LAST PIECE IN THIS GROUP.

15AC-15B6 WAS IT LAST GROUP.

15B8 YES IT WAS SO START ANOTHER TURN.

15C0-15E6 ROUTINE TO PRINT (REVEAL) ALL REMAINING COMPUTER PIECES.

15E8-15EE ROUTINE FOR ENDING COMPUTER PIECES MOVE. JSR\$1D8E GOES TO A ROUTINE WHICH,AS ITS LAST ACTIONS PULLS THE LAST TWO BYTES OFF THE STACK(THESE ARE THE LAST JSR COMMANDS RETURN ADDRESSES) AND THEN JUMPS TO \$1588.

I HAVE USED THIS METHOD BECAUSE THE \$1D8E ROUTINE IS ENTERED SEVERAL TIMES AND WAYS AND IT IS THE ONLY WAY I COULD KEEP THE STACK POINTER IN THE RIGHT PLACE,BEARING IN MIND THAT THE WHOLE ROUTINE FROM \$135E TO \$15BB IS A SERIES OF NESTED LOOPS.

O.K. THATS PART TWO COMPLETED AS ALWAYS EITHER PHONE ME, OR WRITE IN TO THE MAGAZINE.

I SHALL SUBMIT PART THREE FOR THE NOVEMBER ISSUE AND FOR DECEMBER PART ONE OF 'BLOOPING BUG' A SPRITE PROGRAMME FOR THE +4 ,C16 C116 WITH 64K.

END--> RETURNCODEACK

• 14CB A5 D1 LDA \$D1
• 14CD 85 E5 STA \$E5
• 14CF A5 D2 LDA \$D2
• 14D1 85 E6 STA \$E6
• 14D3 EA NOP
• 14D4 EA NOP
• 14D5 EA NOP
• 14D6 EA NOP
• 14D7 EA NOP
• 14D8 A5 D7 LDA \$D7
• 14DA C5 D1 CMP \$D1
• 14DC F0 12 BEQ \$14F0
• 14DE 10 08 BPL \$14E8
• 14E0 C6 D1 DEC \$D1
• 14E2 20 80 1D JSR \$1D80
• 14E5 38 SEC
• 14E6 B0 08 BCS \$14F0
• 14E8 20 CB 1E JSR \$1ECB
• 14EB E6 D1 INC \$D1

• 14ED 20 80 1D JSR \$1D80
• 14F0 20 CB 1E JSR \$1ECB
• 14F3 A5 D8 LDA \$D8
• 14F5 C5 D2 CMP \$D2
• 14F7 F0 17 BEQ \$1510
• 14F9 10 08 BPL \$1503
• 14FB C6 D2 DEC \$D2
• 14FD 20 80 1D JSR \$1D80
• 1500 38 SEC
• 1501 B0 0D BCS \$1510
• 1503 20 CB 1E JSR \$1ECB
• 1506 E6 D2 INC \$D2
• 1508 20 80 1D JSR \$1D80
• 150B EA NOP
• 150C EA NOP
• 150D EA NOP
• 150E EA NOP
• 150F EA NOP
• 1510 20 CB 1E JSR \$1ECB
• 1513 A9 00 LDA #\$00
• 1515 8D 3D 20 STA \$203D
• 1518 A9 04 LDA #\$04
• 151A 8D 39 20 STA \$2039
• 151D 20 30 20 JSR \$2030
• 1520 0A ASL

• 1521	09	E0	ORA #\$E0			
• 1523	8D	27	15 STA \$1527	• 1586	EA	NOP
• 1526	6C	E2	22 JMP (\$22E2)	• 1587	EA	NOP
• 1529	C6	D2	DEC \$D2	• 1588	68	PLA
• 152B	20	80	1D JSR \$1D80	• 1589	A9	TAY
• 152E	38		SEC	• 158A	88	DEY
• 152F	B0	15	BCS \$1546	• 158B	F0 03	BEQ \$1590
• 1531	C6	D1	DEC \$D1	• 158D	4C 56	14 JMP \$1456
• 1533	20	80	1D JSR \$1D80	• 1590	A5 D0	LDA \$D0
• 1536	38		SEC	• 1592	18	CLC
• 1537	B0	0D	BCS \$1546	• 1593	69 04	ADC #\$04
• 1539	E6	D1	INC \$D1	• 1595	85 D0	STA \$D0
• 153B	20	80	1D JSR \$1D80	• 1597	A5 E7	LDA \$E7
• 153E	39		SEC	• 1599	38	SEC
• 153F	B0	05	BCS \$1546	• 159A	E9 11	SBC #\$11
• 1541	E6	D2	INC \$D2	• 159C	85 E7	STA \$E7
• 1543	20	80	1D JSR \$1D80	• 159E	EA	NOP
1546	20	CB	1E JSR \$1ECB	• 159F	EA	NOP
1549	C6	D2	DEC \$D2	• 15A0	EA	NOP
154B	20	80	1D JSR \$1D80	• 15A1	EA	NOP
154E	20	CB	1E JSR \$1ECB	• 15A2	68	PLA
1551	C6	D1	DEC \$D1	• 15A3	A8	TAY
1553	20	80	1D JSR \$1D80	• 15A4	88	DEY
1556	20	CB	1E JSR \$1ECB	• 15A5	F0 05	BEQ \$15AC
1559	E6	D1	INC \$D1	• 15A7	A6 D6	LDX \$D6
155B	20	80	1D JSR \$1D80	• 15A9	4C 8C	13 JMP \$138C
155E	20	CB	1E JSR \$1ECB	• 15AC	68	PLA
1561	E6	D2	INC \$D2	• 15AD	AA	TAX
1563	20	80	1D JSR \$1D80	• 15AE	CA	DEX
1566	20	CB	1E JSR \$1ECB	• 15AF	F0 07	BEQ \$15B8
1569	C6	D2	DEC \$D2	• 15B1	C6 D6	DEC \$D6
156B	20	68	1D JSR \$1D68	• 15B3	C6 D0	DEC \$D0
156E	20	CB	1E JSR \$1ECB	• 15B5	4C 87	13 JMP \$1387
1571	C6	D1	DEC \$D1	• 15B8	4C 5E	13 JMP \$135E
1573	20	68	1D JSR \$1D68	• 15BB	EA	NOP
1576	20	CB	1E JSR \$1ECB			
1579	E6	D1	INC \$D1			
157B	20	68	1D JSR \$1D68			
157E	20	CB	1E JSR \$1ECB			
1581	E6	D2	INC \$D2			
1583	4C	E9	15 JMP \$15E9			

```

170 JJ$="[[1 CD][5 CR][ORANGE][REV,ON]JUB
ILEE LINE[REV,OFF][WHITE]]"
180 MM$="[[1 CD][5 CR][PURPLE][REV,ON]MET
ROPOLITAN LINE[REV,OFF][WHITE]]"
190 ES$="[[1 CD][5 CR][PURPLE][METROPOLITA
N EAST LONDON SECTION][WHITE]]"
200 NN$="[[1 CD][5 CR][REV,ON]NORTHERN LI
NE[REV,OFF]]"
210 PP$="[[1 CD][5 CR][DARK BLUE][REV,ON]
PICCADILLY LINE[REV,OFF][WHITE]]"
220 VV$="[[1 CD][5 CR][LIGHT BLUE][REV,ON]
VICTORIA LINE[REV,OFF][WHITE]]"
230 CH$="[[1 CD][2 CR][RED][YOU CAN INTERC
HANGE WITH BRITISH RAIL][WHITE]]"
240 LO$="[[1 CD][17 CR][RED][SHIFT,M][1 C
D][2 CL][CBM,T 3 TIMES][1 CD][3 CL][CBM,
@ 3 TIMES][1 CD][2 CL][SHIFT,M][WHITE]]"
250 BR$="[[1 CD][5 CR][RED][BRITISH RAIL L
INK LINE][WHITE]]"
260 PRINT "[CLEAR][12 CD][8 CR]PLEASE WAI
T READING DATA"
270 FOR X=8TO270:READ S$(X):NEXT
280 FOR X=8TO21:READ S$(X):NEXT
290 B=0:C=0:CR=0:D=0:EX=0:J=0:M=0:E=0:N=
0:P=0:V=0:CH=0:L=0:BR=0
300 PRINT "[CLEAR]":COLOR0,1:COLOR4,1:COL
OR1,2
310 PRINT "[3 CR]*LONDON UNDERGROUND TUBE
STATIONS*"
320 PRINT
330 FOR X=8TO12:PRINT SPC(10):PRINT S$(X):
NEXT
340 PRINT RR$;:PRINT SPC(12);"[2 CD]"
350 PRINT QQ$;"[3 SPACES]A-B"
360 PRINT SPC(12);QQ$;"[3 SPACES]B-C"
370 PRINT SPC(12);QQ$;"[3 SPACES]C-D-E"

```

```

1 REM ****
2 REM *
3 REM * TUBE STATION INFORMATION *
4 REM *
5 REM * PLUS 4 ONLY *
6 REM *
7 REM * BY KEVIN WHEALS (C) 1989 *
8 REM ****
10 GOSUB4800:GRAPHIC.1
20 DIM S$(270),S$(21),A$(21),B$(21),C$(2
1),D$(21)
30 DIM E$(21),F$(21),G$(21),H$(21)
40 DIM I$(21),J$(21),K$(21)
50 DIM L$(21),Z$(13)
60 QQ$="[SPACE]STATIONS"
70 RR$="[HOME][1 CD]"
80 XX$="[[1 CD][3 CR]PRESS A KEY TO RETU
N TO MAIN MENU"
90 UU$="[[CLEAR][10 CR]UNDERGROUND STATIO
NS]"
100 LL$="[[3 CR]CHOOSE A KEY BETWEEN (B-E
) OR (A-L)"
120 BB$="[[1 CD][5 CR][BROWN][REV,ON]BAKE
RLOO LINE[REV,OFF][WHITE]]"
130 CC$="[[1 CD][5 CR][RED][REV,ON]CENTRA
L LINE[REV,OFF][WHITE]]"
140 CR$="[[1 CD][5 CR][YELLOW][REV,ON]CIR
CLE LINE[REV,OFF][WHITE]]"
150 DD$="[[1 CD][5 CR][GREEN][REV,ON]DIST
RICT LINE[REV,OFF][WHITE]]"
160 EX$="[[1 CD][1 CR][GREEN][REV,ON]DEWH
ITE][GREEN][WHITE][GREEN][WHITE][GREEN][
GREEN][WHITE][GREEN][SPACE][WHITE][GREEN][
GREEN][WHITE][GREEN][REV,OFF][WHITE]EXHIB
ITION SERVICE ONLY"

```

CON'T
OVER!

```

530 IFZ$="3" THENGOT01450
540 IFZ$="4" THENGOT01720
550 IFZ$="5" THENGOT01990
560 IFZ$="6" THENGOT02260
570 IFZ$="7" THENGOT02530
580 IFZ$="8" THENGOT02880
590 IFZ$="9" THENGOT03070
600 IFZ$="A" THENGOT03340
610 IFZ$="B" THENGOT03610
620 IFZ$="C" THENGOT03880
630 GOTO290
640 GOSUB4020
650 FORY=8T021:PRINTSPC(2);S$(Y):NEXT
660 PRINTLL$"
670 GETA$:IFA$=""THEN670
680 IFA$="0" THENA$=S$(0):PRINTCL$;A$:GOTO
4490
690 IFA$="1" THENA$=S$(1):PRINTCL$;A$:GOTO
4410
700 IFA$="2" THENA$=S$(2):PRINTCL$;A$:GOTO
4480
380 PRINTSPC(12);QQ$;"[3 SPACES]E-F-G"
390 PRINTSPC(12);QQ$;"[3 SPACES]G-H"
400 PRINTSPC(12);QQ$;"[3 SPACES]H-I-K-L"
410 PRINTSPC(12);QQ$;"[3 SPACES]J-L-M-N"
420 PRINTSPC(12);QQ$;"[3 SPACES]N-O-P"
430 PRINTSPC(12);QQ$;"[3 SPACES]P-Q-R-S"
440 PRINTSPC(12);QQ$;"[3 SPACES]S"
450 PRINTSPC(12);QQ$;"[3 SPACES]S-T-U-V"
460 PRINTSPC(12);QQ$;"[3 SPACES]V-W"
470 PRINTSPC(12);QQ$;"[3 SPACES]W"
480 PRINT:PRINTTAB(3);"CHOOSE A KEY BETW
EEN (0-9) OR (A-C)"
490 GETZ$:IFZ$=""THEN490
500 IFZ$="0" THENGOT0640
510 IFZ$="1" THENGOT0910
520 IFZ$="2" THENGOT01188

```

CON'T
NEXT
MONTH!
ALONG WITH INFO!

Reader Letter

Dear Sir

Could you please let me know how to; PLOT: PRINT @ on the C16/+4.
These commands are used by my CRIC ATMOS and I would like to run them on
the C16.

Yours faithfully
Peter Appleby.

Thanks for the letter Peter, well, here goes: PLOT on the C16/+4 would look like DRAW 1, X, Y, X & Y are screen coords, so DRAW 1, 10, 10 would PLOT a dot at 10, 10 (10 pixels down & 10 pixels across). As for PRINT @, well you could use CHAR , X, Y, "HELLO PETER", where X=ROW, Y=COLUMN, so you could have CHAR , 10, 10, "HELLO PETER", which would display 'HELLO PETER' 10 ROWS down

 ***** SCREEN SCROLLING *****
 ***** BY PETER CRACK
 First version.
 * This version is as printed in the ANCO book.
 1010-1012 Set screen colour.##C*=brightness,##*F=colour.
 1015-1034 Clear low-res.screen, IE.print space character (\$\$20) from
 * \$0C00-\$0FFF, clear colour area from \$0800-\$0BFF (\$\$00=fore ground
 * black).
 1036-105F Print six lines of text,18 characters per line.
 103B-103E Top line of top group and top line of bottom group.
 1044-1047 Bottom line of top group and bottom line of bottom group.
 104D Top line of middle (scrolling) group.
 1053 Bottom line of middle (scrolling) group.
 1056-105B Colour for middle (scrolling) group,as before ##2*=brightness
 * ##6=colour. Values for brightness range from ##0* to ##7* and
 * ##8* to ##F* for the same brightness but flashing,in the same byte
 * colour ranges from ##*0 to ##*F for colour,to explain and
 * demonstrate:- try putting ##a9 into \$1057..>1056 A9 A9 LDA ##A9.
 1061-1063 Clear \$D0 and \$DB remember 'X' register was set to zero in \$1015
 * and not changed since.
 1065 Set new interrupt routine (used only once).
 1068 Start of main routine.
 106B ##FD=JOY(1),##FA=JOY(2) or maybey the other way around,I never can
 * remember!.
 106D-108D Get Joystick return.
 106D-1070 Keyboard latch!!!.##FF09 contains joystick values in inverse logic,
 * that is to say,if joystick is moved then the bit which registers
 * the movement is set to zero IE:-
 * BIT NUMBER 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
 * BIT VALUE 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
 * All bits set to 1 or high=joystick not moved
 * Bit 0=0 joystick moved up
 * Bit 1=0 joystick moved down
 * Bit 2=0 joystick moved left
 * Bit 3=0 joystick moved right
 * Bit 7=0 joystick fire button pressed
 * Bits 4,5 and 6 not used for joystick returns,COMMODORES joystick
 * return.<BASIC RDJOY(x)> can be viewed at \$BFC1-\$BFEC in ROM,routine
 * at \$BFFD-\$BFEC flips (invert with'EOR'command) all bits and then
 * evaluates to give 'CORRECT' returns of 0-8 for direction and adds
 * DEC 128 if fire button was pressed.Unfortunately this,COMMODORES,
 * routine is not very accurate when moving diagonaly or moving and
 * firing at the same time. (or else my joystick is at fault!).
 1073 Clear 'X' register.
 1075-1076 Discard up and down bits.
 1077-107A Check move left and decrease 'X' register if so.
 107B-107E Do the same for move right.
 107F-1081 Transfer 'X' register to accumulator and add present movement
 * speed,register.
 1083-1089 Check against speed limits at \$1083 and \$1087 discard if too fast
 * either left or right (negative or positive speeds).
 108B Update speed register if values within limmits.
 108D And force branch to \$1068.
 108F-1097 Disable interrupts,reset \$0314/\$0315 to point to your new routine.
 109A-109C Set interrupt register to request interrupts from raster possition.
 109F-10A3 Clear \$DA (end of line pointer) and \$D9 (scroll counter).
 10A5-10B7 Set first raster interrupt possition,this is the start of the
 * screen scroll area.screen raster possitions run from \$\$00 to \$\$C8
 * \$\$C9-\$\$FF cannot be seen,(or used I think).
 10AA-10AC Set horizontal scroll position to zero, and,by clearing bit 3,of
 * \$FF07 reduce screen from 40 columns to 38.
 10AF-10B0 Clear interrupt disable (opposite of \$108E) and return
 10B1-1173 Main routine for moving centre (scrolling) text
 10B1-10B3 Wait here until your interrupt routine has placed a non-zero value
 * into \$DB.....CONTINUED.....

10F5-10B7 Clear \$DB, this is to ensure that no text is scrolled until screen raster beam has moved away from scrolling area.

10B9-10BC Load last scroll position (\$D9), add speed register (\$D0), this sum becomes new amount of scrolling required to maintain, increase or decrease scrolling speed.

10BE Transfer accumulator to 'Y' register for safekeeping

10BF-10C1 Discard all but the rightmost three bits in accumulator and store in \$D9, this is now the new scroll position for the screen.

10C3 Transfer the 'Y' register back to the accumulator

10C4-10C8 Check to see if bit three is set (does the text need to be moved one character square left or right) if 'yes' then branch to \$10C9 else return from subroutine.

10C9 Load 'X' register with the number of screen lines to be scrolled.

10CB-10D9 Set \$D2,\$D4 to start address (high byte) of scrolling area(char ram), set \$D6,\$D8 to same for colour area. Set \$D1 to point to start address (low byte) of the left hand end of the line directly above scrolling area.

10DE-10D8 Transfer 'Y' register to accumulator, remember 'Y' register still contains the result of the addition of \$D9 and \$D0 \$10B9-\$10BC.

10D6-10D4 Is it positive or negative EG. 0-126 or 128-255 EG. #\$00-#\$7F or #\$FF-#\$80 (in this case we want to know do we have to move right one character or left one character).

10DE-110D Move left routine

10DE-10DE Load 'Y' register with #\$FF=dec-1, this is so that at \$10FB when the 'Y' register is increased by one it starts at zero (#\$FF).

10E9-10EB Load preset \$D1 register, add #\$28 (dec 40) to move it down one line to the start position of scrolling area, store it in \$D1,\$D3, \$D5 and \$D7, these are the low bytes of the start points for character and colour of the scrolling areas.

10ED-10F7 Check to see if this addition has rolled \$D1-\$D7 over #\$FF(dec255) thus setting the carry flag, if 'yes' then increase \$D2,\$D4,\$D6 and \$D8, these are the relevant high bytes of the start addresses.

10F7-10F9 Increase \$D3 and \$D7 low bytes of character and colour addresses to point to the character one to the right of start address.

10FA Increase 'Y' register (\$10FB-\$1104) move one line routine.

10E1-10FC Load character one to right of start point (for this line) offset by 'Y' register.

10E1-10FE Store this character in start point (for this line) offset by 'Y' register.

10E1-10FE Load colour of character one to right of start point (for this line), offset by 'Y' register.

10E2-1102 Store it in start point (offset by 'Y' register).

10E4-1104 Is the whole line done?, no, well branch to \$10FB else.....

10E8-1108 Are all the lines done?, no, then branch to \$10DE else.....

10E8-110D Store 'Y' register in \$DA ('Y' register now=#\$27=end of line) and force branch to \$113C.

10E8-113A As above but move right one character.

10E1-110F Load 'Y' register with offset #\$26 (points to one character to the left of right hand side of the screen scrolling area).

10E1-112A Load \$D1, add #\$28 and set \$D1-\$D7 as before.

10E1-1138 Reverse of routine at \$10FC-\$1102.

10E1-112C Load character at the right hand end of the line (all loading and storing is offset by the 'Y' register)

10E1-112E Store it in the character position which is hidden. Remember, that although you can only see 38 characters per screen line 40 can still be used.

10E8-1132 Do the same for colour data.

10E4-1135 Do it for the whole line.

10E2-1138 Do it for all the scrolling lines.

10A1-103A Clear \$DA, the previous command ensures that 'X' register at this point will always=#\$00.

10E1-1172 This routine takes the end (hidden) character from one side of the screen and puts it at the other end (hidden), the value in \$DA is either #\$00 or #\$27 depending whether you are scrolling left or right respectively.....CONTINUED.....

113C Load 'X' register with the number of lines to scroll
 113E Load 'Y' register with \$DA, that is #\$00 or #\$27 depending on
 * direction of scroll.
 • 1140-114C Set \$D2,\$D6,\$D1 and \$D5 to point to start of line directly above
 * first line of scrolling area, for characters and colour.
 114E-115B Add #\$28 (in effect move one line down lo-res screen) to \$D1 and
 * \$D5, check if they have rolled over #\$FF or dec 255 if yes then
 * increase \$D2 and \$D6.
 115D-1160 This is the tricky bit, because we have now, to set 'Y' register to
 * point to the character which has just moved into the hidden column
 * of the screen (\$DA is set to point to the other end) we know only
 * two value are correct #\$00 is the left end and #\$27 is the right,
 * we could use two separate routine but, to save space this method
 * is better, first transfer a copy of 'Y' register to the accumulator
 * create a mask number, (command EOR #\$27) flip the relevant bits in
 * the accumulator and store the new result back into the 'Y' register
 * see fig1 for explanation of EOR command.
 1161 Load a character from this line offset by 'Y' register.
 1163 Store it in a temporary register (\$DC).
 1165 Load colour data for same character offset by 'Y' register.
 1167 Load 'Y' register with \$DA (opposite end of line).
 1169 Store colour data back into screen offset by new 'Y' register value
 116B-116D Do the same for character, at this point the same character will
 * appear at both ends of the screen line, IE. column 0 and column 40
 * but, as both these columns are hidden it does not matter.
 116F-1170 Do the same for all the lines.
 1173-119E this is the new interrupt routine, this routine does not service
 * \$CE0E, in other words the keyboard and all other input/output
 * routines including checking and decreasing sound counters (note
 * duration) is ignored therefore the only way to stop this programme
 * is to press the reset button or run/stop and reset buttons
 * together.
 1173-1176 Read and clear interrupt register (register cleared by STA command).
 1179 Load 'X' register with last position where you wanted to request an
 * interrupt.
 117C Load accumulator with #\$40, why this value was chosen I do not know
 * the important thing is that the four rightmost bits are set to
 * zero so the four leftmost could be any value, as later on they
 * will be discarded.
 117E Was this interrupt requested at the bottom of scroll area?
 1180 If yes then branch to \$118A.
 1182 if no then mix the value of \$D9 into the accumulator.
 1184-1188 Load 'X' register with bottom of scroll area, store it in \$DB, (this
 * will ensure that the routine at \$11B1 will be carried out) and
 * branch to \$118C.
 118A Load 'X' register with top of scroll area.
 118C and store it in raster comparison register. (this register will
 * request an interrupt every time the raster beam reaches the
 * position set in it).
 118F Discard all but the rightmost three bits of the accumulator,
 * remember the accumulator holds the sum of value placed into it at
 * \$117C and the value mixed into it at \$1182 and has not been
 * changed until now, the screen can only be offset 8 pixel points to
 * the right and the values 0-7 are the maximum combination of values
 * obtained from 3 bits and it is the 3 rightmost bits of \$FF07 that
 * control this screen offset.
 1191-1194 Halt programme execution here if the raster beam position value is
 * the same as the raster comparison value. (We do not want another
 * interrupt until this one is finished!!! because the computer will
 * probably lock up).
 1196 Set the screen offset. \$FF07 also controls other actions IE:-
 * bit 3=0=38 columns, bit 3=1=40 columns, bit 4=0=MCM mode off,
 * bit 4=1=MCM mode on, bits 5-7 control freeze mode (which means just
 * that, both screen and computer switch off), PAL/NTSC mode two types
 * of TV.signal,CONTINUED.....

* and reverse video mode respectively, these bits must all be set high
* (set to 1) to be active, in this case we do not want any of them.
1199-119E These commands pull the old 'Y', 'X' and accumulator values off the
* stack, the last command, RTI tells the computer that an interrupt has
* just been serviced and also acts as an RTS command, (return from
* subroutine) to return control to your main programme. This section
* reverses the routine at \$FCB3-\$FCB7 and replaces \$FCB8-\$FCC8.

119F-11EE Data for lines of text, add #\$40 to each value to read message
Having read through all this do not, unless you are a genius, expect to
Understand it in one go (I have had this book two years) just compare these
Notes with the listing and go over it again and again and again etc....zzzzz

FIG 1.

Accumulator=#\$FF. Decimal 255

BIT number.....	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
BIT state.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
BIT hex value.....	80	40	20	10	08	04	02	01
BIT decimal value.....	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

Explanation of command at \$115E..

Accumulator=#\$00 (zero) at start BIT state 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

EOR (exclusive-OR) mask=#\$27..... BIT state 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1

Accumulator after comparison..... BIT state 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1

EOR command flips (changes the state of) all the bits in the accumulator
Whose twins had been set to one in the EOR mask. This is a rollover type
Command and if used twice will return the accumulator to its previous value.

THE FOLLOWING EXPLANATION REFERS TO MY VERSION OF THE SAME PROGRAMME LINES

\$1200-\$1350, only the main changes have been noted.

1200-120C Set screen colour, set foreground colour, clear lo-res screen.

120F-121B Set \$D0-\$D3 to point to about middle of top line of screen.

121D Set 'X' register with number of characters to print.

121F-1239 Print 25 'A' characters down the screen, colour dark green.

125D-1261 Speed limits reduced to prevent flicker on screen.

127F-1281 Set start point of screen scroll area in this case top of screen.

1300-1306 Lower limit of scroll area (bottom of visible screen).

130C Upper limit of scrolling area.

1321-1333 Set number of lines to scroll in 'X' register, set \$D1-\$D8 to left
* hand end of the line above the start point of the scrolling area.

1334-134F Moves all the relevant pointers down one line.

BOTH THE ANCO AND MY PROGRAMME ARE ESSENTIALLY THE SAME MINE IS A LITTLE MORE
OSCURE DUE TO THE USE OF SUBROUTINES WHICH REDUCES THE NUMBER OF LINES.

How to use in your own programme???

That is of course up to you!.

But here are two suggestions, first make the whole programme interrupt
Controlled entering at \$1068 or, second and probably more practical, make
It a subroutine entering at \$1068 and leaving at \$108D. In either case I
Would suggest putting JMP\$CE0E at \$1199 so that a normal interrupt can be
Serviced, unless you would prefer to write your own keyboard etc. check.

*
*
As always any problems ring me or better still write in to the magazine.....

*
*
*.....Good luck.....PETER.....

1010 A9 LF LDA #\$CF
 1012 8D 15 FF STA \$FF15
 1015 A2 00 LDX #\$00
 1017 A9 20 LDA #\$20
 1019 9D 00 0C STA \$0C00,X
 101C 9D 00 0D STA \$0D00,X
 101F 9D 00 0E STA \$0E00,X
 1022 9D 00 0F STA \$0F00,X
 1025 A9 00 LDA #\$00
 1027 9D 00 08 STA \$0800,X
 102A 9D 00 09 STA \$0900,X
 102D 9D 00 0A STA \$0A00,X
 1030 9D 00 0B STA \$0B00,X
 1033 CA DEX
 1034 D0 E1 BNE \$1017
 1036 A0 12 LDY #\$12
 1038 B9 9F 11 LDA \$119F,Y
 103B 99 82 0C STA \$0C82,Y
 103E 99 2A 0F STA \$0F2A,Y
 1041 B9 B2 11 LDA \$11B2,Y
 1044 99 D2 0C STA \$0CD2,Y
 1047 99 7A 0F STA \$0F7A,Y
 104A B9 C5 11 LDA \$11C5,Y
 104D 99 C2 0D STA \$0DC2,Y
 1050 B9 D8 11 LDA \$11D8,Y
 1053 99 62 0E STA \$0E62,Y
 1056 A9 26 LDA #\$26
 1058 99 C2 09 STA \$09C2,Y
 105B 99 62 0A STA \$0A62,Y
 105E 88 DEY
 105F 10 D7 BPL \$1038
 1061 86 D0 STX \$D0
 1063 86 DB STX \$DB
 1065 20 8F 10 JSR \$108F
 1068 20 B1 10 JSR \$10B1
 106B A9 FD LDA #\$FD
 106D 8D 08 FF STA \$FF08
 1070 AD 08 FF LDA \$FF08
 1073 A2 00 LDX #\$00
 1075 4A LSR
 1076 4A LSR
 1077 4A LSR
 1078 B9 01 BCS \$107B
 107A CA DEX
 107B 4A LSR
 107C B9 01 BCS \$107F
 107E E8 INX
 107F 8A TXA
 1080 18 CLC
 1081 65 D0 ADC \$D0
 1083 C9 F7 CMP #\$F7
 1085 F0 E1 BEQ \$1068
 1087 C9 09 CMP #\$09
 1089 F0 DD BEQ \$1068
 108B B5 D0 STA \$D0
 108D D0 D9 BNE \$1068
 108F 78 SEI
 1090 A9 73 LDA #\$73
 1092 8D 14 03 STA \$0314
 1095 A9 11 LDA #\$11
 1097 8D 15 03 STA \$0315
 109A A9 02 LDA #\$02
 109C 8D 0A FF STA \$FF0A
 109F A9 00 LDA #\$00
 10A1 85 DA STA \$DA
 10A3 85 D9 STA \$D9

10A5 A9 5A LDA #\$5A
 10A7 8D 0B FF STA \$FF0B
 10AA A9 00 LDA #\$00
 10AC 8D 07 FF STA \$FF07
 10AF 58 CLI
 10B0 60 RTS
 10B1 A5 DB LDA \$DB
 10B3 F0 FC BEQ \$10B1
 10B5 A9 00 LDA #\$00
 10B7 85 DB STA \$DB
 10B9 A5 D9 LDA \$D9
 10BB 18 CLC
 10BC 65 D0 ADC \$D0
 10BE A8 TAY
 10BF 29 07 AND #\$07
 10C1 85 D9 STA \$D9
 10C3 98 TYA
 10C4 29 08 AND #\$08
 10C6 D0 01 BNE \$10C9
 10C8 60 RTS
 10C9 A2 05 LDX #\$05
 10CB A9 0D LDA #\$0D
 10CD 85 D2 STA \$D2
 10CF 85 D4 STA \$D4
 10D1 A9 09 LDA #\$09
 10D3 85 D6 STA \$D6
 10D5 85 D8 STA \$D8
 10D7 A9 90 LDA #\$90
 10D9 85 D1 STA \$D1
 10DB 98 TYA
 10DC 10 31 BPL \$110F
 10DE A0 FF LDY #\$FF
 10E0 A5 D1 LDA \$D1
 10E2 18 CLC
 10E3 69 28 ADC #\$28
 10E5 85 D1 STA \$D1
 10E7 85 D3 STA \$D3
 10E9 85 D5 STA \$D5
 10EB 85 D7 STA \$D7
 10ED 90 08 BCC \$10F7
 10EF E6 D2 INC \$D2
 10F1 E6 D4 INC \$D4
 10F3 E6 D6 INC \$D6
 10F5 E6 D8 INC \$D8
 10F7 E6 D3 INC \$D3
 10F9 E6 D7 INC \$D7
 10FB C8 INY
 10FC B1 D3 LDA (\$D3),Y
 10FE 91 D1 STA (\$D1),Y
 1100 B1 D7 LDA (\$D7),Y
 1102 91 D5 STA (\$D5),Y
 1104 C0 27 CPY #\$27
 1106 D0 F3 BNE \$10FB
 1108 CA DEX
 1109 D0 D3 BNE \$10DE
 110B 84 DA STY \$DA
 110D F0 2D BEQ \$113C
 110F A0 26 LDY #\$26
 1111 A5 D1 LDA \$D1
 1113 18 CLC
 1114 69 28 ADC #\$28
 1116 85 D1 STA \$D1
 1118 85 D3 STA \$D3
 111A 85 D5 STA \$D5
 111C 85 D7 STA \$D7
 111E 90 08 BCC \$1126

1126 E602 INC \$02

DATA FOR ANCO AND MY LISTINGS.....

1122	E6 D4	INC \$D4	>119F 20 04 09 05 13 05 12 20 :
1124	E6 D6	INC \$D6	>11A7 14 05 09 0C 20 08 09 05 ::..
1126	E6 D8	INC \$D8	>11AF 12 20 20 20 20 02 0C ::.
1128	E6 D3	INC \$D3	>11B7 05 09 02 14 20 13 14 05 ::..
112A	E6 D7	INC \$D7	>11BF 08 05 0E 20 20 20 16 05 ::..
112C	B1 D1	LDA (\$D1),Y	>11C7 12 13 03 08 09 05 02 05 ::..
112E	91 D3	STA (\$D3),Y	>11CF 20 04 01 13 20 08 09 05 ::..
1130	B1 D5	LDA (\$D5),Y	>11D7 12 0D 09 14 20 05 09 0E ::..
1132	91 D7	STA (\$D7),Y	>11DF 05 0D 20 0A 0F 19 13 14 ::..
1134	88	DEY	>11E7 09 03 0B 21 AA AA AA AA ::..!****
1135	10 F5	BPL \$112C	>11EF EA EA EA EA EA EA EA EA :JJJJJJJJJJ
1137	CA	DEX	>11F7 EA EA EA EA EA EA EA EA EA :JJJJJJJJJJ
1138	D0 D5	BNE \$110F	
113A	86 DA	STX \$DA	
113C	A2 05	LDX #\$05 START OF MY LISTING.....
113E	A4 DA	LDY \$DA	. 1200 A9 CF LDA #\$CF
1140	A9 0D	LDA #\$0D	. 1202 8D 15 FF STA \$FF15
1142	85 D2	STA \$D2	. 1205 A9 00 LDA #\$00
1144	A9 09	LDA #\$09	. 1207 8D 3B 05 STA \$053B
1146	85 D6	STA \$D6	. 120A A9 93 LDA #\$93
1148	A9 90	LDA #\$90	. 120C 20 D2 FF JSR \$FFD2
114A	85 D1	STA \$D1	. 120F A9 0C LDA #\$0C
114C	85 D5	STA \$D5	. 1211 85 D1 STA \$D1
114E	A5 D1	LDA \$D1	. 1213 A9 10 LDA #\$10
1150	18	CLC	. 1215 85 D0 STA \$D0
1151	69 28	ADC #\$28	. 1217 85 D2 STA \$D2
1153	85 D1	STA \$D1	. 1219 A9 08 LDA #\$08
1155	85 D5	STA \$D5	. 121B 85 D3 STA \$D3
1157	90 04	BCC \$115D	. 121D A2 19 LDX #\$19
1159	E6 D2	INC \$D2	. 121F A0 00 LDY #\$00
115B	E6 D6	INC \$D6	. 1221 A9 01 LDA #\$01
115D	98	TYA	. 1223 91 D0 STA (\$D0),Y
115E	49 27	EOR #\$27	. 1225 A9 0F LDA #\$0F
1160	A8	TAY	. 1227 91 D2 STA (\$D2),Y
1161	B1 D1	LDA (\$D1),Y	. 1229 A5 D0 LDA \$D0
1163	85 DC	STA \$DC	. 122B 18 CLC
1165	B1 D5	LDA (\$D5),Y	. 122C 69 29 ADC #\$29
1167	A4 DA	LDY \$DA	. 122E 90 04 BCC \$1234
1169	91 D5	STA (\$D5),Y	. 1230 E6 D1 INC \$D1
116B	A5 DC	LDA \$DC	. 1232 E6 D3 INC \$D3
116D	91 D1	STA (\$D1),Y	. 1234 85 D0 STA \$D0
116F	CA	DEX	. 1236 85 D2 STA \$D2
1170	D0 DC	BNE \$114E	. 1238 CA DEX
1172	60	RTS	. 1239 D0 E6 BNE \$1221
1173	AD 09 FF	LDA \$FF09	. 123B 86 D0 STX \$D0
1176	8D 09 FF	STA \$FF09	. 123D 86 DB STX \$DB
1179	AE 0B FF	LDX \$FF0B	. 123F 20 69 12 JSR \$1269
117C	A9 40	LDA #\$40	. 1242 20 8B 12 JSR \$128B
117E	E0 83	CPX #\$83	. 1245 A9 FD LDA #\$FD
1180	F0 08	BEQ \$118A	. 1247 8D 0B FF STA \$FF0B
1182	05 D9	ORA \$D9	. 124A AD 08 FF LDA \$FF0B
1184	A2 83	LDX #\$83	. 124D A2 00 LDX #\$00
1186	86 DB	STX \$DB	. 124F 4A LSR
1188	D0 02	BNE \$118C	. 1250 4A LSR
118A	A2 5A	LDX #\$5A	. 1251 4A LSR
118C	8E 0B FF	STX \$FF0B	. 1252 B0 01 BCS \$1255
118F	29 07	AND #\$07	. 1254 CA DEX
1191	EC 1D FF	CPX \$FFF1D	. 1255 4A LSR
1194	F0 FB	BEQ \$1191	. 1256 B0 01 BCS \$1259
1196	8D 07 FF	STA \$FF07	. 1258 E8 INX
1199	68	PLA	. 1259 BA TXA
119A	A8	TAY	. 125A 18 CLC
119B	68	PLA	
119C	AA	TAX	
119D	68	PLA	
119E	40	RTI	

CONTINUED.....

125B	65 D0	ADC \$D0	12D7	20 21 13	JSR \$1321
125D	C9 FB	CMP #\$FB	12DA	A4 DA	LDY \$DA
125F	F0 E1	BEQ \$1242	12DC	20 34 13	JSR \$1334
1261	C9 04	CMP #\$04	12DF	98	TYA
1263	F0 DD	BEQ \$1242	12E0	49 27	EOR #\$27
1265	85 D0	STA \$D0	12E2	A8	TAY
1267	D0 D9	BNE \$1242	12E3	B1 D1	LDA (\$D1),Y
1269	78	SEI	12E5	85 DC	STA \$DC
126A	A9 F5	LDA #\$F5	12E7	B1 D5	LDA (\$D5),Y
126C	8D 14 03	STA \$0314	12E9	A4 DA	LDY \$DA
126F	A9 12	LDA #\$12	12EB	91 D5	STA (\$D5),Y
1271	8D 15 03	STA \$0315	12ED	A5 DC	LDA \$DC
1274	A9 02	LDA #\$02	12EF	91 D1	STA (\$D1),Y
1276	8D 0A FF	STA \$FF0A	12F1	CA	DEX
1279	A9 00	LDA #\$00	12F2	D0 E8	BNE \$12DC
127B	85 DA	STA \$DA	12F4	60	RTS
127D	85 D9	STA \$D9	12F5	AD 09 FF	LDA \$FF09
127F	A9 00	LDA #\$00	12FB	8D 09 FF	STA \$FF09
1281	8D 0B FF	STA \$FF0B	12FB	AE 0B FF	LDX \$FF0B
1284	A9 00	LDA #\$00	12FE	A9 00	LDA #\$00
1286	8D 07 FF	STA \$FF07	1300	E0 CA	CPX #\$CA
1289	58	CLI	1302	F0 08	BEQ \$130C
128A	60	RTS	1304	05 D9	ORA \$D9
128B	A5 DB	LDA \$DB	1306	A2 CA	LDX #\$CA
128D	F0 FC	BEQ \$128B	1308	86 DB	STX \$DB
128F	A9 00	LDA #\$00	130A	D0 02	BNE \$130E
1291	85 DB	STA \$DB	130C	A2 00	LDX #\$00
1293	A5 D9	LDA \$D9	130E	8E 0B FF	STX \$FF0B
1295	18	CLC	1311	29 07	AND #\$07
1296	65 D0	ADC \$D0	1313	EC 1D FF	CPX \$FF1D
1298	A8	TAY	1316	F0 FB	BEQ \$1313
1299	29 07	AND #\$07	1318	8D 07 FF	STA \$FF07
129B	85 D9	STA \$D9	131B	68	PLA
129D	98	TYA	131C	A8	TAY
129E	29 08	AND #\$08	131D	68	PLA
12A0	D0 01	BNE \$12A3	131E	AA	TAX
12A2	60	RTS	131F	68	PLA
12A3	20 21 13	JSR \$1321	1320	40	RTI
12A6	98	TYA	1321	A2 19	LDX #\$19
12A7	10 19	BPL \$12C2	1323	A9 0B	LDA #\$0B
12A9	A0 FF	LDY #\$FF	1325	85 D2	STA \$D2
12AB	20 34 13	JSR \$1334	1327	85 D4	STA \$D4
12AE	C8	INY	1329	A9 07	LDA #\$07
12AF	B1 D3	LDA (\$D3),Y	132B	85 D6	STA \$D6
12B1	91 D1	STA (\$D1),Y	132D	85 D8	STA \$D8
12B3	B1 D7	LDA (\$D7),Y	132F	A9 D8	LDA #\$D8
12B5	91 D5	STA (\$D5),Y	1331	85 D1	STA \$D1
12B7	C0 27	CPY #\$27	1333	60	RTS
12B9	D0 F3	BNE \$12AE	1334	A5 D1	LDA \$D1
12BB	CA	DEX	1336	18	CLC
12BC	D0 EB	BNE \$12A9	1337	69 28	ADC #\$28
12BE	84 DA	STY \$DA	1339	85 D1	STA \$D1
12C0	F0 15	BEQ \$12D7	133B	85 D3	STA \$D3
12C2	A0 26	LDY #\$26	133D	85 D5	STA \$D5
12C4	20 34 13	JSR \$1334	133F	85 D7	STA \$D7
12C7	B1 D1	LDA (\$D1),Y	1341	90 08	BCC \$134B
12C9	91 D3	STA (\$D3),Y	1343	E6 D2	INC \$D2
12CB	B1 D5	LDA (\$D5),Y	1345	E6 D4	INC \$D4
12CD	91 D7	STA (\$D7),Y	1347	E6 D6	INC \$D6
12CF	88	DEY	1349	E6 D8	INC \$D8
12D0	10 F5	BPL \$12C7	134B	E6 D3	INC \$D3
12D2	CA	DEX	134D	E6 D7	INC \$D7
12D3	D0 ED	BNE \$12C2	134F	60	RTS
12D5	86 DA	STX \$DA	1350	EA	NOP

FOR SALE & WANTED PAGE

WANTED: —

Would like to buy, DISK DRIVE, Model 1551, Any-Offers ?

Ring 0493-730963, and ask for Kevin or write to Kevin at:-

Kevin Williams, 10 Hickling Way, Ormesby St Margaret, Gt Yarmouth, NORFOLK, NR29 3SE. (Kevin, do you still want this ad in, call me please, THANKS!!)

WANTED: —

Any old Broken/Working C16/+4 hardware, ie, Joysticks, tape decks, D/D etc, must be cheap, please contact:-

Roy Robinson, 112 Cliff Road, HORNSEA, N. Humberside, HU18 1JE.
Tel (0964) 534611

FOR SALE: —

C16/Plus/4 Printer Service.

Have you got Programs, Letters etc you want printing, but cannot afford a printer?

Well worry no more because C16/Plus/4 Printer Service is here! We can print out Basic Files from tape or disk, Basic programs saved with Turbo-Plus. Wordprocessor programs from 3+1 or Script-Plus. We can also print high/low res Graphic dumps from your programs (NOT PROTECTED COMMERCIAL ONES).

This service is exclusive to members of this Club and it costs only 60p for the first copy and 15p for any other copies there after. This price INCLUDES return postage and packing.

Please send your tape/disk in a jiffy bag/disk mailer along with money and amount required to:-

Plus/4 Printer Service, Daniel Stokes, 35 Burleigh Way, CUFFLEY, Herts, EN6 4LG.

FOR SALE: —

C64, Datarecorder, PSU, Loads of games too many to mention here. Contact:
Mr W.D. Brighton, 55B Occupation Lane, SHEFFIELD, S12 4PS.

Telephone 0742-641046

WANTED: —

3764 RAM CHIPS OR 4164 RAM CHIPS OR 4564 RAM CHIPS, I need 8 of any of the listed chips, I will pay £5 for them, desoldered etc, contact: John Hadlow, Showground, Buchan Park, Greendykes Road, Broxburn, W. Lothian, SCOTLAND.

TERRA NOVA GAME TIP

FROM MATTHEW NEWTON-LEWIS, W-SUSSEX.

While playing, press RUMBLE, this will pause the game. After waiting a while press '1'(ONE) on the keyboard to start with infinite lives, NOT BAD EH